Expert's view

The case for Financials (equity & credit)

The re-rating of Financials has been rapid since the market turmoil a year ago, spurred by the ongoing recovery in activity and Covid-19 vaccine rollout. Valuations remain attractive, and the reflation theme should support Financials over the medium term. In this report, we look at allocation opportunities both in equity (MSCI World Financials) and credit (ESG filtered Floating Rate Notes).

Facts and overview

- A supportive economic backdrop: The combination of Covid-19 vaccine deployment and a highly accommodative policy mix (fiscal and monetary) have paved the way for a strong rebound in global economic activity since H2 2020. GDP in most developed economies is expected to return to pre-crisis levels by the end of 2021, a much quicker pace compared to the Global Financial Crisis, particularly in the US.
- Further curve steepening ahead: Central bank support will keep short-term rates anchored for now. Recent guidance suggests that they feel no compelling need to counter curve steepening yet. Market expectations, measured by overnight indexed swaps, have shifted following the 16 June FOMC meeting and are now for a Fed rate hike in late 2022/ early 2023 while the ECB is not expected to raise rates before 2024.

Our key takeaways

- Financials are sensitive to higher inflation and steeper yield curves. In the subsector of commercial banks, a steeper yield curve and high deposit levels should increase profit margins. Investment banks should benefit from buoyant liquidity conditions, and higher M&A and primary market activity.
- Increase Financials exposure via Floating Rate Notes: FRN indices hold a greater exposure to Financials and credit risk without duration risk, compared to traditional bond indices. ESG filtered FRN indices offer an even greater exposure to Financials.
- MSCI World Financials: The MSCI World Financials Index is dominated by US banks. Lending is a central revenue source in Banking, Capital Markets and Consumer Finance. These three industries make up ~70% of the index, while the US represents ~50% of the country exposure.

Lyxor Research

ETF research & solutions



Vincent Denoiseux (Head) vincent.denoiseux@lyxor.com



lda Troussieux ida.troussieux@lvxor.com



Daniel Dornel, CFA aniel.dornel@lyxor.com



Christopher Martin

Cross Asset research

Jean-Baptiste Berthon (Senior strategist) iean-baptiste.berthon@lvxor.com

Summary

The global recovery is underway	2
Credit: Floating Rate Notes, another route	2
Equity: Allocating into World Financials	
- MSCI World Financials Index	5
- Banks	6
- Capital markets	7

Capital markets

This document is for the exclusive use of investors acting on their own account and categorised either as "Eligible Counterparties" or "Professional Clients" within the meaning of Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU. This document is reserved and must be given in Switzerland exclusively to Qualified Investors as defined by the Swiss Collective Investment Scheme Act of 23 June 2006 (as amended from time to time, CISA).

Find us online

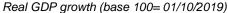
www.lyxoretf.com

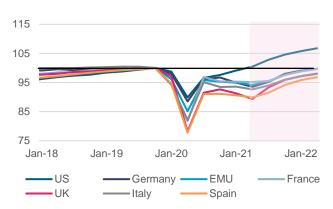


The global recovery is underway

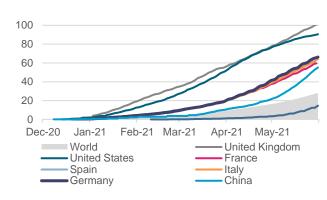
The combination of Covid-19 vaccine deployment and a highly accommodative policy mix (fiscal and monetary) have paved the way for a strong rebound in global economic activity since H2 2020. Economic activity is expected to jump back to pre-crisis GDP levels by the end of the year for most developed economies, a much quicker pace compared to the previous downturn, particularly in the US.

The pace of the recovery goes hand in hand with the Covid-19 vaccine roll out and the end of the pandemic





Covid-19 Vaccination per 100 people



Forecast data based on Bloomberg consensus. Source: Lyxor International Asset Management / Cross Asset Research. Data as at 08/06/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Central banks reiterated that support will remain for now, recent guidance suggests no immediate need for action to counter curve steepening. Market expectations, measured by overnight indexed swaps, have shifted following the 16 June FOMC meeting and are now for a Fed rate hike in late 2022/ early 2023 while the ECB is not expected to raise rates before 2024. The US Fed is expected to start hinting tapering of asset purchases late this summer to kick off in Q4 2021.

Credit: Floating Rate Notes, another route to play Financials

FRN indices: Greater exposure to Financials vs traditional bond indices

Floating Rate Notes (FRNs) are well suited products to gain exposure to the Financial sector in the credit market. FRN indices hold a large exposure to Financial bonds (60%-70%) compared to traditional nominal corporate bond indices (see chart below).

FRNs universes have higher exposure to financials than traditional corporate bonds indices

Bloomberg Barclays class 2 sector breakdown, (% of market value)



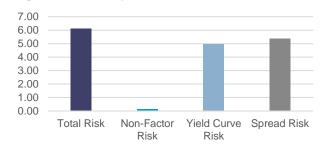
Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Bloomberg Barclays. Data as at 31/05/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.



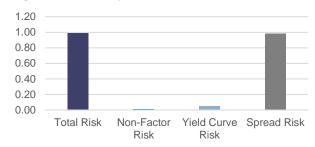
FRNs also offer greater exposure to Financials credit risk. There is no duration risk, due to the nature of FRN coupons (explained on the next page). On the other hand, the analysis below shows that traditional bond indices do have an exposure to duration risk.

FRN indices: an exposure to Financials and credit risk without duration risk Ex-ante risk decomposition

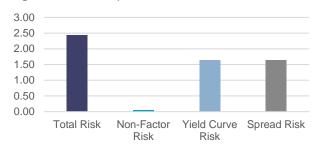
Bbg Barc USD Corporate Index



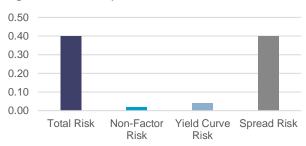
Bbg Barc USD Corporate FRN Index



Bbg Barc EUR Corporate Index



Bbg Barc EUR Corporate FRN Index



Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Bloomberg Barclays. Data as at 31/05/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Floating rate notes are based on the combination of investment-grade bonds – issued primarily by corporates – that accrue interest based on a specific spread over a reference rate that resets periodically. As FRN coupons evolve with the interest rate, they are not subject to duration risk, leaving only the credit risk component.

The benefits of ESG filters in an FRN allocation

Adding an ESG filter to FRN indices has some benefits. The Bloomberg Barclays MSCI SRI Sustainable Index methodology combines three layers of ESG filters:

- 1. Exclusions of issuers involved in controversial businesses (SRI exclusions);
- 2. Exclusions of issuers with an ESG rating below BBB;
- 3. Exclusions of issuers involved in very severe controversies.

ESG FRN indices tend to have higher exposure to Financials as shown in the charts below. Most Financial institutions have a very limited exposure to controversial businesses (Alcohol, Tobacco, Gambling, Adult entertainment, GMOs, Nuclear power, Weapons, Thermal coal or Unconventional oil and gas), a key criterion of SRI exclusions.

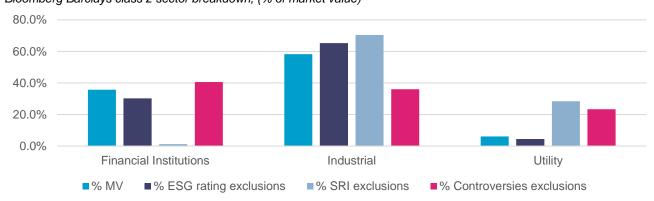


ESG FRN indices have higher exposure to financials than their parent

Bloomberg Barclays class 2 sector breakdown, (% of market value)



Bloomberg Barclays Global Corporate index - Sector & ESG exclusions breakdown Bloomberg Barclays class 2 sector breakdown, (% of market value)

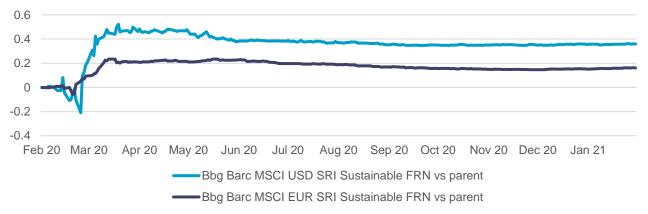


Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Bloomberg Barclays. Data as at 31/05/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

ESG filters can also be beneficial during periods of heightened market stress. The chart below shows that while the ESG and non-ESG indices performed similarly before the Covid-19 crisis, an allocation to ESG FRNs would have performed better at the height of the crisis in March 2020. ESG FRN indices outperformed their parent index by 0.2% to 0.5% at that time.

ESG FRN indices outperformed their non ESG equivalent in March 2020

SRI Sustainable FRN indices performance relative to their parent



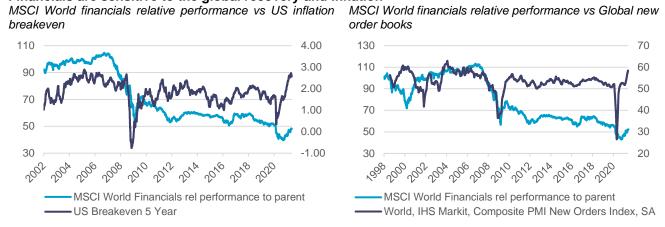
Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Bloomberg Barclays. Data as at 26/02/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.



Equity: Allocating into World Financials

With long-term government bond yields likely to head higher as global activity recovers, the Financials sector should remain supported, given its sensitivity to higher inflation and steeper yield curves.

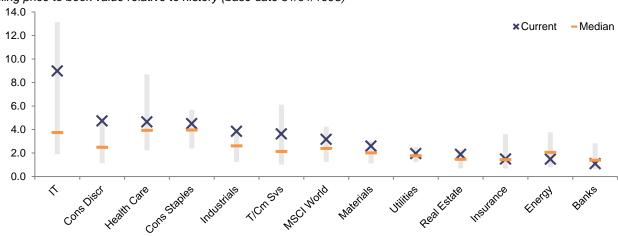
Financials are sensitive to the global recovery and inflation



Source: Lyxor International Asset Management Cross Asset Research. Data as at 07/06/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Global banks at discount compared to history

Trailing price to book value relative to history (base date 31/01/1995)



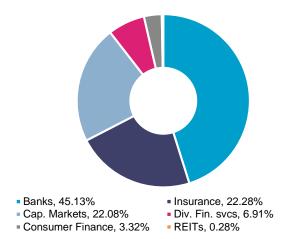
Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Refinitiv, MSCI. Based on monthly data as at 31/05/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

MSCI World Financials Index

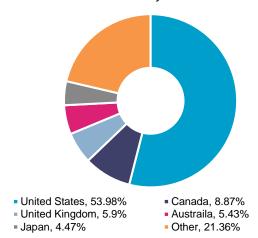
The MSCI World Financials Index is dominated by US banks. Lending is a central source of revenue in Banking, Capital Markets and Consumer Finance. These three industries make up ~70% of the index, and the US represents ~50% of its regional exposure.



MSCI World Financials: Sector Breakdown



MSCI World Financials: Country Breakdown



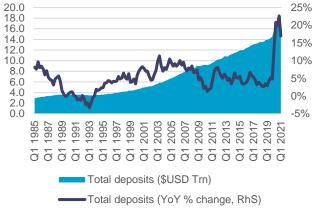
Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Bloomberg, MSCI. Data as at 31/05/2021.

Banks: Benefits from a steeper yield curve and high deposit levels

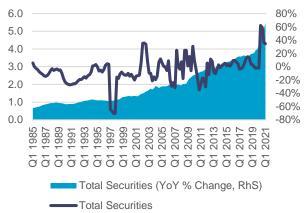
The increase of long-term interest rates since H2 2020, plus higher deposit levels, are good for commercial banks' margins. Since the pandemic crisis started, US banks have benefited from a rebound in deposit flows. These were supported by aggressive central bank policies (quantitative easing) at the height of the crisis which improved funding capabilities for US corporates via debt and equity issuance.

US banks' balance sheets: Deposits and securities assets surged in 2020

Liabilities account: Total Deposits Commercial banks and savings institutions



Assets account: Total securities assets Commercial banks and savings institutions



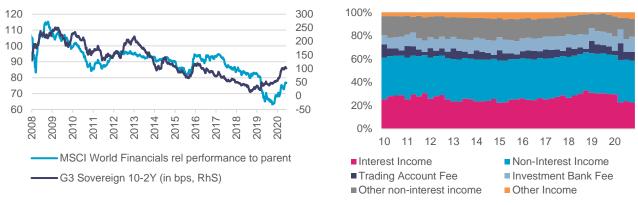
Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, Refinitiv, Federal Reserve. Data as at 07/06/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Not only can banks reinvest deposits at higher-yielding levels (securities instead of cash), but they also benefit when cost of funding is low. Cheap deposits allow commercial banks to lower their cost of funding and increase their net asset yields over time as deposits are invested in securities rather than cash.

A steeper yield curve should also provide greater upside potential to banks' mortgage portfolios. These are more sensitive to a rise in the long end of the yield curve compared to shorter duration credit-card lending (8% of US commercial banks' portfolios vs 20% for residential loans¹). This should translate into higher net interest income – a major part of banks' operating revenues. Declining mortgage pre-payments can also be counted among near-term benefits. Finally, the greater momentum in economic activity should lead to further improvement in credit quality and lower loan losses for commercial banks.

Higher yields - a positive impact on banks' interest income and profitability

Government bond yields spread & MSCI World Financials US top 20 Banks Operating revenues (% Total) relative performance



Source: Lyxor International Asset Management Cross Asset Research, MSCI, Federal Reserve, Macrobond. Data as at 07/06/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Capital Markets: Shift towards cyclical assets and higher primary market activity

Buoyant market liquidity conditions and the recovery in economic activity allow corporates and investors to access more opportunities in financial markets. Trading revenues are likely to benefit from higher market activity and reflationary pressures allowing for greater dispersion in asset returns, especially in equities.

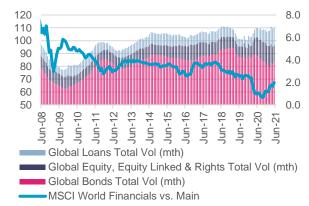
Buoyant liquidity conditions have spurred a rise in primary market activity for corporates. The resurgence of M&A activity via SPACs (a 'special purpose acquisition company' with no commercial operations, that is formed strictly to raise capital through an initial public offering for the purpose of acquiring an existing company) have boosted investment banks' revenues and fees from advising on such deals. There have been about 522 SPAC listings between 2020 and 2021 in the US, that brought in over \$300bn, a historical high (source: Reuters/Refinitiv).

Higher M&A activity and capital market activity bolster investment banks' revenues

M&A Transactions vs. MSCI Financials rel. performance

ECM & DCM activity vs. MSCI Financials rel. performance





Source: Lyxor International Asset Management/ Cross Asset Research, MSCI, Federal Reserve, Macrobond. Data as at 06/07/2021. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.



¹ Sources: FDIC Quarterly banking Profile. Q4 2020

Related indices for an exposure to Financials

Index Exposure	Index name	Bloomberg ticker
Equity: sector	MSCI Daily Total Return World Net Financials USD	NDWUFNCL
Credit: Floating rate notes	Bloomberg Barclays MSCI USD Corporate Liquid FRN 0-5 Year SRI Sustainable Index	134979US
Credit: Floating rate notes	Bloomberg Barclays MSCI EUR Corporate Liquid FRN 0-7 Year SRI Sustainable Index	I34981EU

Source: Lyxor International Asset Management, data as at 31/03/2021

For more information on Lyxor ETF's range please contact your Lyxor ETF sales representative.



Knowing your risk

It is important for potential investors to evaluate the risks described below and in the fund prospectus on our website www.lyxoretf.com

Capital at risk

ETFs are tracking instruments: Their risk profile is similar to a direct investment in the Underlying index. Investors' capital is fully at risk and investors may not get back the amount originally invested.

Replication risk

The fund objectives might not be reached due to unexpected events on the underlying markets which will impact the index calculation and the efficient fund replication.

Counterparty risk

With synthetic ETFs, investors are exposed to risks resulting from the use of OTC swap. In-line with UCITS guidelines, the exposure a swap counterparty cannot exceed 10% of the total fund assets. Physically replicated ETFs may have counterparty risk if they use a securities lending program.

Concentration risks

Some ETFs, e.g. thematic and Smart Beta ETFs select stocks or bonds for their portfolio from the original benchmark index. Where selection rules are extensive it can lead to a more concentrated portfolio where risk is spread over fewer stocks than the original benchmark.

Underlying risk

The Underlying Index of a Lyxor ETF may be complex and volatile. When investing in commodities, the Underlying Index is calculated with reference to commodity futures contracts exposing the investor to a liquidity risk linked to costs such as cost of carry and transportation. ETFs exposed to Emerging Markets carry a greater risk of potential loss than investment in Developed Markets as they are exposed to a wide range of unpredictable Emerging Market risks.

Currency risk

ETFs may be exposed to currency risk if the ETF is denominated in a currency different to that of the Underlying index they are tracking. This means that exchange rate fluctuations could have a negative or positive effect on returns.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity is provided by registered market-makers on the respective stock exchange where the ETF is listed, including Societe Generale. On exchange, liquidity may be limited as a result of a suspension in the underlying market represented by the Underlying index tracked by the ETF; a failure in the systems of one of the relevant stock exchanges, or other market-maker systems; or an abnormal trading situation or event

MSCI

The MSCI indexes are the exclusive property of MSCI. MSCI and the MSCI index names are service mark(s) of MSCI or its affiliates and have been licensed for use for certain purposes by Lyxor International Asset Management. None of the MSCI parties makes any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the issuer or owners of this fund or any other person or entity regarding the advisability of investing in funds generally or in this fund particularly or the ability of any MSCI index to track corresponding stock market performance. MSCI or its affiliates are the licensors of certain trademarks, service marks and trade names and of the MSCI indexes which are determined, composed and calculated by MSCI without regard to this fund or the issuer or owners of this fund or any other person or entity. None of the MSCI parties has any obligation to take the needs of the issuer or owners of this fund or any other person or entity into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the MSCI indexes. None of the MSCI parties is responsible for or has participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of this fund to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by or the consideration into which this fund is redeemable. Further, none of the MSCI parties has any obligation or liability to the issuer or owners of this fund or any other person or entity in connection with the administration, marketing or offering of this fund. Although MSCI shall obtain information for inclusion in or for use in the calculation of the MSCI indexes from sources that MSCI considers reliable, none of the MSCI parties warrants or guarantees the originality, accuracy and/or the completeness of any MSCI index or any data included therein. None of the MSCI parties makes any warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the issuer of the fund, owners of the fund, or any other person or entity, from the use of any MSCI index or any data included therein. None of the MSCI parties shall have any liability for any errors, omissions or interruptions of or in connection with any MSCI index or any data included therein. Further, none of the MSCI parties makes any express or implied warranties of any kind, and the MSCI parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to each MSCI index and any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any of the MSCI parties have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

Bloomberg

BLOOMBERG® is a trademark and service mark of Bloomberg Finance L.P. and its affiliates (collectively "Bloomberg"). BARCLAYS® is a trademark and service mark of Barclays Bank Plc (collectively with its affiliates, "Barclays"), used under license. Bloomberg or Bloomberg's licensors, including Barclays, own all proprietary rights in the Bloomberg Barclays Indices. Neither Bloomberg nor Barclays is affiliated with Lyxor International Asset Management, and neither approves, endorses, reviews or recommends the Sub-Funds. Neither Bloomberg nor Barclays guarantees the timeliness, accurateness or completeness of any data or information relating to the Indices, and neither shall be liable in any way to Lyxor International Asset Management, investors in the Sub-Funds or other third parties in respect of the use or accuracy of the Benchmark Indices or any data included therein.



This message is a product of LIAM sales group and is not a product of LIAM Cross Asset Research Department. It is not intended for use by or targeted at retail clients. The circumstances in which this message has been produced are such that it may not be characterised as independent investment research and should be treated as a marketing communication even if it contains a research recommendation. For more, visit our global research disclosure website www.lyxoretf.com/compliance.

This document is for the exclusive use of investors acting on their own account and categorised either as "eligible counterparties" or "professional clients" within the meaning of markets in financial instruments directive 2014/65/EU. This communication is not directed at retail clients. Except in the UK, where the document is issued by Lyxor Asset Management UK LLP which is authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority in the UK under Registration Number 435658, this document is issued by Lyxor International Asset Management (LIAM), a French management company authorized by the Autorité des marchés financiers and placed under the regulations of the UCITS (2014/91/EU) and AIFM (2011/61/EU) Directives. Société Générale is a French credit institution (bank) authorised by the Autorité de contrôle prudentiel et de résolution (the French Prudential Control Authority). Some of the funds described in this brochure are subfunds of either Multi Units Luxembourg or Lyxor Index Fund, being both investment companies with Variable Capital (SICAV) incorporated under Luxembourg Law, listed on the official list of Undertakings for Collective Investment, and have been approved and authorised by the CSSF under Part I of the Luxembourg Law of 17th December 2010 (the "2010 Law") on Undertakings for Collective Investment in accordance with provisions of the Directive 2009/65/EC (the "2009 Directive") and subject to the supervision of the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF).

Alternatively, some of the funds described in this document are either (i) French FCPs (fonds commun de placement) or (ii) sub-funds of Multi Units France a French SICAV, both the French FCPs and sub-funds of Multi Units France are incorporated under the French Law and approved by the French Autorité des marchés financiers. Each fund complies with the UCITS Directive (2009/65/CE) and has been approved by the French Autorité des marchés financiers. Société Générale and Lyxor AM recommend that investors read carefully the "risk factors" section of the product's prospectus and Key Investor Information Document (KIID). The prospectus and the KIID are available in French on the website of the AMF (www.amffrance.org). The prospectus in English and the KIID in the relevant local language (for all the countries referred to, in this document as a country in which a public offer of the product is authorised) are available free of charge on Lyxoretf.com or upon request to client-services-etf@lyxor.com. The products are the object of market-making contracts, the purpose of which is to ensure the liquidity of the products on NYSE Euronext Paris, Deutsche Boerse (Xetra) and the London Stock Exchange, assuming normal market conditions and normally functioning computer systems. Units of a specific UCITS ETF managed by an asset manager and purchased on the secondary market cannot usually be sold directly back to the asset manager itself. Investors must buy and sell units on a secondary market with the assistance of an intermediary (e.g. a stockbroker) and may incur fees for doing so. In addition, investors may pay more than the current net asset value when selling them. Updated composition of the product's investment portfolio is available on www. lyxoretf.com.

In addition, the indicative net asset value is published on the Reuters and Bloomberg pages of the product and might also be mentioned on the websites of the stock exchanges where the product is listed. Prior to investing in the product, investors should seek independent financial, tax, accounting and legal advice. It is each investor's responsibility to ascertain that it is authorised to subscribe or invest into this product. This document together with the prospectus and/or more generally any information or documents with respect to or in connection with the Fund does not constitute an offer for sale or solicitation of an offer for sale in any jurisdiction (i) in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized, (ii) in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or (iii) to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. In addition, the shares are not registered under the U.S Securities Act of 1933 and may not be directly or indirectly offered or sold in the United States (including its territories or possessions) or to or for the benefit of a U.S Person (being a "United State Person" within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933 of the United States, as amended, and/or any person not included in the definition of "Non-United States Person" within the meaning of Section 4.7 (a) (1) (iv) of the rules of the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission.). No U.S federal or state securities commission has reviewed or approved this document and more generally any documents with respect to or in connection with the fund. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence. This document is of a commercial nature and not of a regulatory nature. This document does not constitute an offer, or an invitation to make an offer, from Société Générale, Lyxor Asset Management (together with its affiliates, Lyxor AM) or any of their respective subsidiaries to purchase or sell the product referred to herein. These funds include a risk of capital loss. The redemption value of this fund may be less than the amount initially invested. The value of this fund can go down as well as up and the return upon the investment will therefore necessarily be variable. In a worst-case scenario, investors could sustain the loss of their entire investment. This document is confidential and may be neither communicated to any third party (with the exception of external advisors on the condition that they themselves respect this confidentiality undertaking) nor copied in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of Lyxor AM or Société Générale. The obtaining of the tax advantages or treatments defined in this document (as the case may be) depends on each investor's particular tax status, the jurisdiction from which it invests as well as applicable laws. This tax treatment can be modified at any time. We recommend to investors who wish to obtain further information on their tax status that they seek assistance from their tax advisor. The attention of the investor is drawn to the fact that the net asset value stated in this document (as the case may be) cannot be used as a basis for subscriptions and/or redemptions. The market information displayed in this document is based on data at a given moment and may change from time to time.

For investors in Switzerland

This document has been provided by Lyxor International Asset Management that is solely responsible for its content.

This document is not to be deemed distribution of funds in Switzerland according to the Swiss collective investment schemes act of 23 June 2006 (as amended from time to time, CISA) or any other applicable Swiss laws or regulations.

This document is reserved and must be given in Switzerland exclusively to Qualified Investors as defined by the Swiss Collective Investment Scheme Act of 23 June 2006 (as amended from time to time, CISA).

Financial intermediaries (including particularly, representatives of private banks or independent asset managers, Intermediaries) are hereby reminded on the strict regulatory requirements applicable under the CISA to any distribution of foreign collective investment schemes in Switzerland. It is each Intermediary's sole responsibility to ensure that (i) all these requirements are put in place prior to any Intermediary distributing any of the Funds presented in this document and (ii) that otherwise, it does not take any action that could constitute distribution of collective investment schemes in Switzerland as defined in article 3 CISA and related regulation.

Any information in this document is given only as of the date of this document and is not updated as of any date thereafter.

This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer, an invitation to make an offer, a solicitation or recommendation to invest in collective investment schemes. This document is not a prospectus as per article 652a or 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations, a listing prospectus according to the listing rules of the SIX Swiss Exchange or any other trading venue as defined by the Swiss Financial Market Infrastructure Act of 19 June 2015 (as amended from time to time, FMIA), a simplified prospectus, a key investor information document or a prospectus as defined in the CISA.

An investment in collective investment schemes involves significant risks that are described in each prospectus or offering memorandum. Each potential investor should read the entire prospectus or offering memorandum and should carefully consider the risk warnings and disclosures before making an investment decision.

Any benchmarks/indices cited in this document are provided for information purposes only.

This document is not the result of a financial analysis and therefore is not subject to the "Directive on the Independence of Financial Research" of the Swiss Bankers Association.

This document does not contain personalized recommendations or advice and is not intended to substitute any professional advice on investments in financial products.



Important information for German and Austrian Investors

For professional investors - not suitable for private investors

This publication is an advertising client information and is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an individual investment recommendation or an offer to buy or sell or trade securities or other financial instruments. This information does not meet all legal requirements for the impartiality of investment recommendations and is not subject to any prohibition of trading prior to publication. All sources of information have been classified as reliable and no guarantee is given for external sources of information. This elaboration alone does not replace individual investorand investment-oriented advice. Before investing in the funds, the investor should seek independent financial, tax, legal and, where appropriate, accounting advice. As an investor, you should consider the risks you face with investing in ETFs. In particular, when subscripting and purchasing ETF shares, the investor should be aware that ETFs involve certain risks and that the repayment may be below the value of the capital used and that, at worst, a total loss may occur. A comprehensive description of the fund's terms and conditions and associated risks can be found in the respective prospectus and the key investor information (KIID, in German), which, like the annual and semi-annual reports in paper form, available free of charge from Lyxor International Asset Management S.A.S. Deutschland (Lyxor Deutschland), Neue Mainzer Strasse 46-50, 60311 Frankfurt am Main, in Austria from Erste Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen AG, Am Belvedere 1, A-100 Vienna, who acts as paying agent and tax representative and under www.lyxoretf.com in English. The tax treatment depends on the individual circumstances of each investor and may change in the future.

The current composition of the investment portfolio of the respective ETF can be found under www.lyxoretf.com. The indicative net asset value is published on the corresponding websites for the ETF product of Reuters and Bloomberg and, if applicable, also reported on the websites of the exchanges on which the product is listed.

Professional advice should be sought before making an investment decision. The drafting is not intended for distribution to or use by persons or entities having the citizenship of a country or domicile dwell in a country or judicial district where the distribution, publication or use of such information is prohibited. Each investor is responsible for verifying that he/she is entitled to subscribe or investment in the respective ETFs. The fund is not registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or the United States Investment Company Act of 1940 and may not be registered, directly or indirectly, in the United States of America, including its territories and properties. or other jurisdictions under its jurisdiction or to or on the basis of any U.S. citizen.

This document is confidential and may not be passed on or reproduced in whole or in part to third parties without the prior written permission of Lyxor Germany.

This document is issued by Lyxor International Asset Management (LIAM), a French limited-liability company established on 12 June 1998 by the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers ("AMF") as a management company. registered office in 17 Cours Valmy, Tour Société Générale, 92800 Puteaux, France and registered with the Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés in Nanterre.

©2021 Lyxor Asset Management. All rights reserved. As of March 2021.

